

First term Exam

Part one : Interpretation

Read the text carefully then answer the questions .

Martin Luther King Jr. is a black American. He was born in Atlanta, Georgia USA , in 1929. After his graduation at Morehouse College in Atlanta, he continued his studies in Massachusetts and Pennsylvania. Martin felt it was his duty to do something to end segregation and poverty too.

During the 1950's and 1960's, he became the best known civil-rights leader in the USA. Despite of the fact that he was arrested 29 times for protesting against the unfair treatment of his people, he believed in love and non-violence.

On August 28<sup>th</sup>, 1963, the March on Washington took place. About 250 thousand people wound around the reflecting pool in front of the Lincoln Memorial. Martin Luther King spoke of how black people had carried in their hearts the hope of full equality with the whites." I have a dream, that the black children will one day live in a nation where they will not be judged by the color of their skin but by the content of their character" He said.

One year after that, King was awarded a high honor, Nobel Peace Prize for his civil-rights work. On April 04<sup>th</sup>, 1968, he was killed. Martin died but the fulfillment of his dream remained as the work of all American people.

A) Comprehension (08 pts)

1- Choose the suitable answer :

( 01 pt )

The text is about : a- Black Americans struggle b- Martin .Luther King and his achievements  
c-Martin Luther King's speech

2- Choose the correct answer that better completes each sentence.

( 02 pts )

- 1) Martin Luther King is a famous civil-rights .....  
a- American b- King. c- Leader.
- 2) Martin Luther King teaches us the lesson of .....  
a- Justice. b- non-violence. c- Leadership.
- 3) The March on Washington .....on August 28th, 1963.  
a- held b- appeared c- happened
- 4) In ..... , Martin Luther King won the Nobel Peace Prize.  
a- 1963 b- 1964. c- 1965.

3- Answer the following questions according to the text.

( 03 pts )

- a- Who is Martin .Luther. King ?
- b- Did violence characterize his protest?
- c- Why was Martin awarded the Noble Peace Prize?

4- In which paragraph does Martin Luther King speak about his dream of equality? ( 0.50pt)

5- Who do the underlined words refer to in the text?

(01.50 pt )

His (§1) :

they (§3) :

he (§4) :

B) Text Exploration

( 07 pts )

1- Find in the text words are closest in meaning to the following:

( 01pt)

- a- The act of separating people of different races or religion and treating them in a different way (§1):
- b- The fact of being equal in rights (§3):

2- Complete the following chart as shown in the example . ( 02 pts )

	Verb	Noun	Adjective
Example	To oppress	Oppression	Oppressed
	//////////////////// To agree	Peace ..... .....	..... Agreed Free

3- Re-write sentence (a) so it means the same as sentence (b). (02 pts )

a- White Americans treat the black people well.  
b- **The black people** .....

a- Martin fought racism .  
b- **Racism** .....

a- He could deliver a speech about children's rights.  
b- **A speech** .....

4- Classify the following words according to the pronunciation of their final "s" ( 01pt)

Prizes - loves - rights - judges

/ S /	/ Z /	/ lz /

5- Fill in the gaps with one word from the following list : ( 01 pt )

( occasion - rights - Day - celebrate )

The United Nations General Assembly has created a special day to .....Nelson Mandela. July 18th, Mandela's birthday, is now officially Nelson Mandela International..... The UN decided to create this .....to say thank you to a "great man". It also recognizes Mandela's contributions towards improving race relations and human.....

Part two : Written Expression (05 pts)

Choose one topic only

Topic1 : Our world has known many persons who did their best to achieve peace and defend human rights . One of them is Nelson Mandela.

Using the following notes , write a short biography of Nelson Mandela.

- Nelson Mandela/ activist .
- Born / Transkei, South Africa /July 18, 1918.
- Father/ local tribal leader /the Tembu tribe.
- He/ study/ at the University College of Fort Hare / the University of Witwatersrand / receive / law degree in 1942/ / begin studying for an LLB / the University of the Witwatersrand.
- 1940s / a leader / direct / peaceful protests and armed resistance against / Apartheid .
- Win / Nobel Peace Prize/1993
- May 10<sup>th</sup>, 1994 /become / South Africa's first democratically elected President /1995/ set up / Nelson Mandela Children's Fund / 1999/ retire from politics.
- 2013 / died /age 95.

Topic 2: Many children around the world face many difficulties and don't enjoy their rights . Write a short paragraph talking about children's rights .

Good luck